## § 251.96

allow for submission of the information

[54 FR 3362, Jan. 23, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 34510, Aug. 21, 1989; 55 FR 7896, Mar. 6, 1990]

## §251.96 Intervention.

- (a) A request to intervene in an appeal may be made at any time prior to the closing of the appeal record (§251.98) at the first level of appeal (§251.87). Requests to intervene in an appeal at the discretionary review level (§251.87(d)) shall be denied.
- (b) To request intervention in a first-level appeal under this subpart, a party, at a minimum, must:

(1) Submit a written petition to intervene to the Reviewing Officer,

- (2) Be, as defined at \$251.81 of this subpart, an applicant for or holder of a written instrument issued by the Forest Service that is the subject of or affected by the appeal, and have an interest that could be directly affected by a decision on the appeal, and
- (3) Show, in the request for intervention, how the decision on the appeal would directly affect petitioner's interests.
- (c) The Reviewing Officer determines whether a party requesting intervention meets the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section. In granting intervention, the Reviewing Officer must give notice to all other parties to the appeal.
- (d) A granting or denial of intervention is not subject to appeal to a higher level.
- (e) Appellants and intervenors must concurrently furnish copies of all submissions to each other as well as the Deciding Officer. Failure to provide each other copies may result in removal of a submission from the appeal record. At the discretion of the Reviewing Officer, appellants may be given additional time to review and comment on initial submissions by intervenors.
- (f) An intervenor cannot continue an appeal if the appellant withdraws the appeal.

[54 FR 3362, Jan. 23, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 34510, Aug. 21, 1989]

## §251.97 Oral presentation.

(a) Purpose. An oral presentation provides an additional opportunity for an

appellant, and other parties to an appeal, to present their viewpoints to the Reviewing Officer. The purpose is to restate, emphasize, and/or clarify information related to an appeal. Oral presentations are to be conducted in an informal manner and shall not be subject to formal rules of procedure such as those applicable to judicial proceedings.

- (b) Requests. Only an appellant may request and be granted an oral presentation. An appellant may request an oral presentation at any time prior to closing of the appeal record (§251.98). A Reviewing Officer shall automatically grant an oral presentation if the appellant requested the presentation as part of the notice of appeal.
- (c) Participation. At the discretion of the Reviewing Officer, oral presentations may be open to public attendance, but participation is limited to parties to the appeal. The Reviewing Officer shall advise all parties to the appeal, including the Deciding Officer, of the place, time, and date of the oral presentation, and how the oral presentation will be conducted. All parties to an appeal shall be invited to participate. Appellants and intervenors must bear any expense involved in making an oral presentation in person or by telephone.
- (d) *Limitation.* Oral presentations shall be held only at the first level of appeal (§251.87(b)).

## §251.98 Appeal record.

The following rules apply only to the appeal record for appeals at the first level (§251.87 (a), (b)):

- (a) It is the responsibility of the Reviewing Officer to maintain in one location the documents related to the appeal.
- (b) The record consists of the documents filed with the Reviewing Officer including, but not limited to, the notice of appeal, responsive statement, replies to submissions by various parties to the appeal, orders and determinations made on the conduct of the appeal, and correspondence.
- (c) The Reviewing Officer has discretion to remove from the record documents that were not sent to all parties to an appeal.